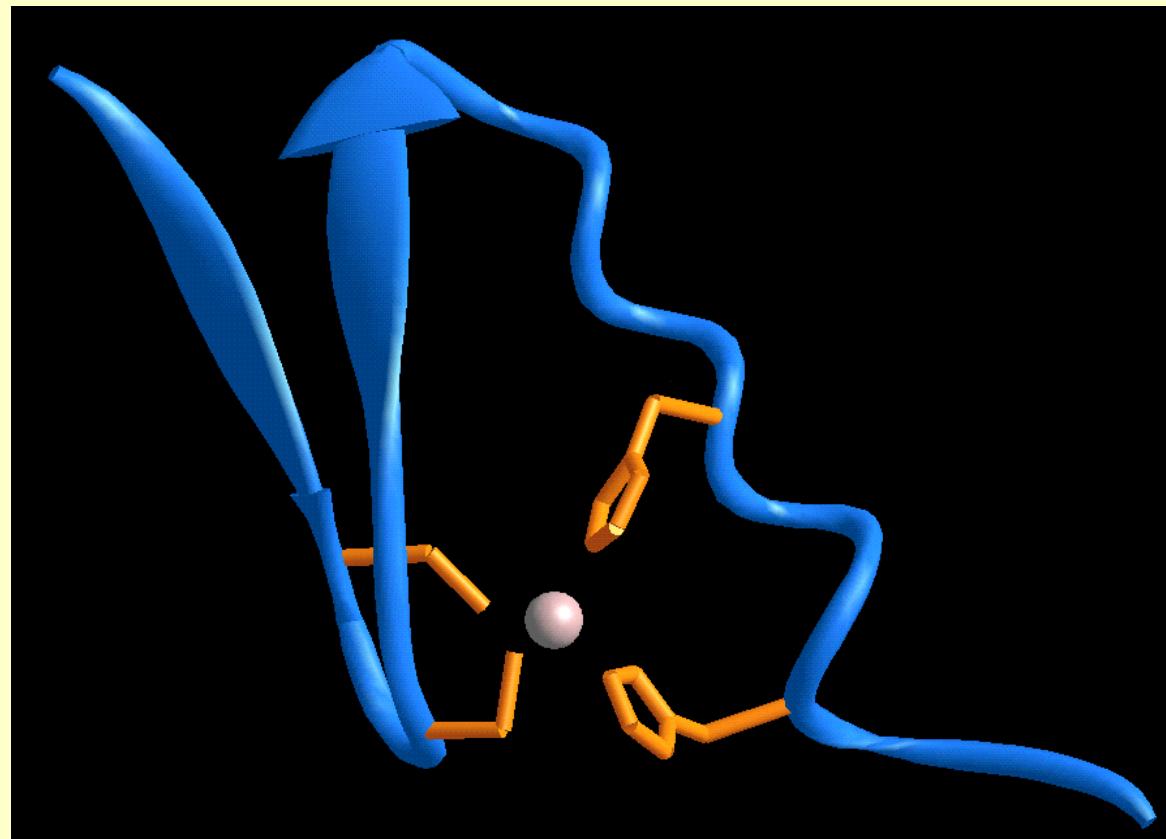


Bioinformatics II

<http://biochem158.stanford.edu/bioinformatics.html>

Genomics, Bioinformatics & Medicine
<http://biochem158.stanford.edu/>



Doug Brutlag
Professor Emeritus of Biochemistry & Medicine
Stanford University School of Medicine

Discovering Function from Protein Sequence

BLOCKs, PRINTs, PSSMS or Weight Matrices

	Position											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	2	1	3	13	10	12	67	4	13	9	1	2
R	7	5	8	9	4	0	1	16	7	0	1	0
N	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	10	0
D	0	1	0	1	13	0	0	12	1	0	4	0
C	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1
Q	1	1	21	8	10	0	0	7	6	0	0	2
E	2	0	0	9	21	0	0	15	7	3	3	0
G	9	7	1	4	0	0	8	0	0	0	46	0
H	4	3	1	1	2	0	0	2	2	0	5	0
I	10	0	11	1	2	10	0	4	9	3	0	16
L	16	1	17	0	1	31	0	3	11	24	0	14
K	3	4	5	10	11	1	1	13	10	0	5	2
M	7	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	1	8
F	4	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	10	0	0
P	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	1	17	0	8	3	1	3	0	2	2	2	0
T	5	22	3	11	1	5	0	2	2	2	0	5
W	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	11
Y	1	0	4	2	0	1	0	0	2	4	0	1
V	6	3	1	1	2	15	0	0	2	12	0	28

Query

Database

Sequence Similarity

10 20 30 40

KSAVTALWGKV--NVDEVGGEALGRLLVVYPWT

УКТНУКАЛАНСКУСАНАСЕУСАЕАИЕРМЕИСЕРТТ

10 20 30

10 20 30

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Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics

<http://www.isb-sib.ch/>



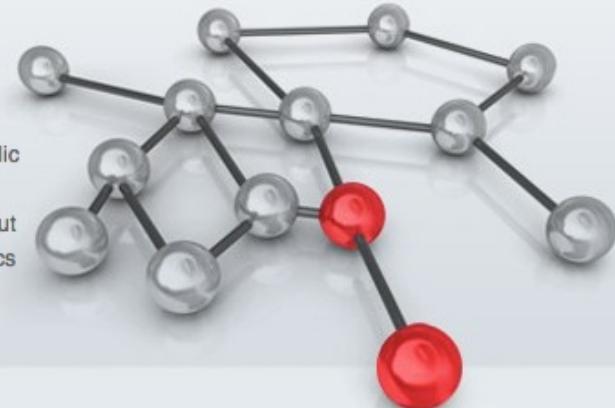
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09 Oct 2012
Protein Spotlight Update: nature's flaws
Nothing is perfect. And nature is no exception....

11 Sep 2012
Protein Spotlight Update: life's boundaries
There is only one way of propagating the specie...

11 Sep 2012
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EPFL Life Science Seminars

13 Jan-31 Dec 2012-Lausanne, Switzerland
The CIG Seminars & Workshops

17-22 Sep 2012-Kyiv, Ukraine
Mol.Onco-2012 Symposium

20-21 Sep 2012-Barcelona, Spain
Chromosomes, Stem Cells and Disease

All

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- genomics
- structural bioinformatics
- systems biology
- phylogeny/evolution
- population genetics
- transcriptomics
- biophysics
- imaging
- IT infrastructure
- drug design

Resources A..Z

Links/Documentation

SIB Fellowship ▾

ExPASy
Bioinformatics Resource Portal

Query all databases help

ExPASy is the **SIB Bioinformatics Resource Portal** which provides access to scientific databases and software tools (i.e., *resources*) in different areas of life sciences including proteomics, genomics, phylogeny, systems biology, population genetics, transcriptomics etc. (see **Categories** in the left menu). On this portal you find resources from many different SIB groups as well as external institutions.

Featuring today

HCD/CID spectra merger
A tool to combine HCD and CID MS/MS spectra
[\[details\]](#)

Popular resources

- UniProtKB
- SWISS-MODEL
- STRING
- PROSITE

Latest News

Updates to HAMAP and its website - 2012-10-12
The scope of HAMAP has been extended to classify and annotate also proteins from eukaryotic species. Additionally, our website has been updated and we provide now distinct pages for HAMAP family profiles on the HAMAP website.
More information on:
<http://hamap.expasy.org>.

How to use this portal?

- Features and updates
- New to ExPASy
- Experienced ExPASy users: what is different

UniProt Knowledgebase release 2012_09 - 2012-10-03
UniProtKB/SwissProt Release of 03-Oct-2012 contains 538,010 sequence entries...[More](#).
UniProtKB/TrEMBL Release of 03-Oct-2012 contains 26,079,526 sequence entries...[More](#)



query | help

Visual Guidance

Categories

proteomics

protein sequences and identification

mass spectrometry and 2-DE data

protein characterisation and function

families, patterns and profiles

post-translational modification

protein structure

protein-protein interaction

similarity search/alignment

genomics

structural bioinformatics

systems biology

phylogeny/evolution

population genetics

transcriptomics

biophysics

imaging

IT infrastructure

drug design

Resources A..Z

Links/Documentation

Databases

-  [UniProtKB](#) • functional information on proteins • [more]
-  [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot](#) • protein sequence database • [more]
-  [SWISS-MODEL Repository](#) • protein structure homology models • [more]
-  [STRING](#) • protein-protein interactions • [more]
-  [PROSITE](#) • protein domains and families • [more]
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-  [neXtProt](#) • human proteins • [more]

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-  [HAMAP](#) • Microbial proteome annotation in UniProtKB • [more]
-  [MIAPEGeIDB](#) • MIAPE document edition • [more]
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-  [PaxDb](#) • protein abundance database • [more]
-  [Prolune](#) • Popular science articles (in French) • [more]
-  [Protein Model Portal](#) • structural information for a protein • [more]
-  [Protein Spotlight](#) • Informally written reviews on proteins • [more]
-  [SugarBind](#) • pathogen sugar-binding • [more]
-  [SWISS-2DPAGE](#) • proteins on 2-D and SDS PAGE maps • [more]
-  [SwissVar](#) • variants in UniProtKB entries • [more]
-  [TCS](#) • interaction specificity in two-component

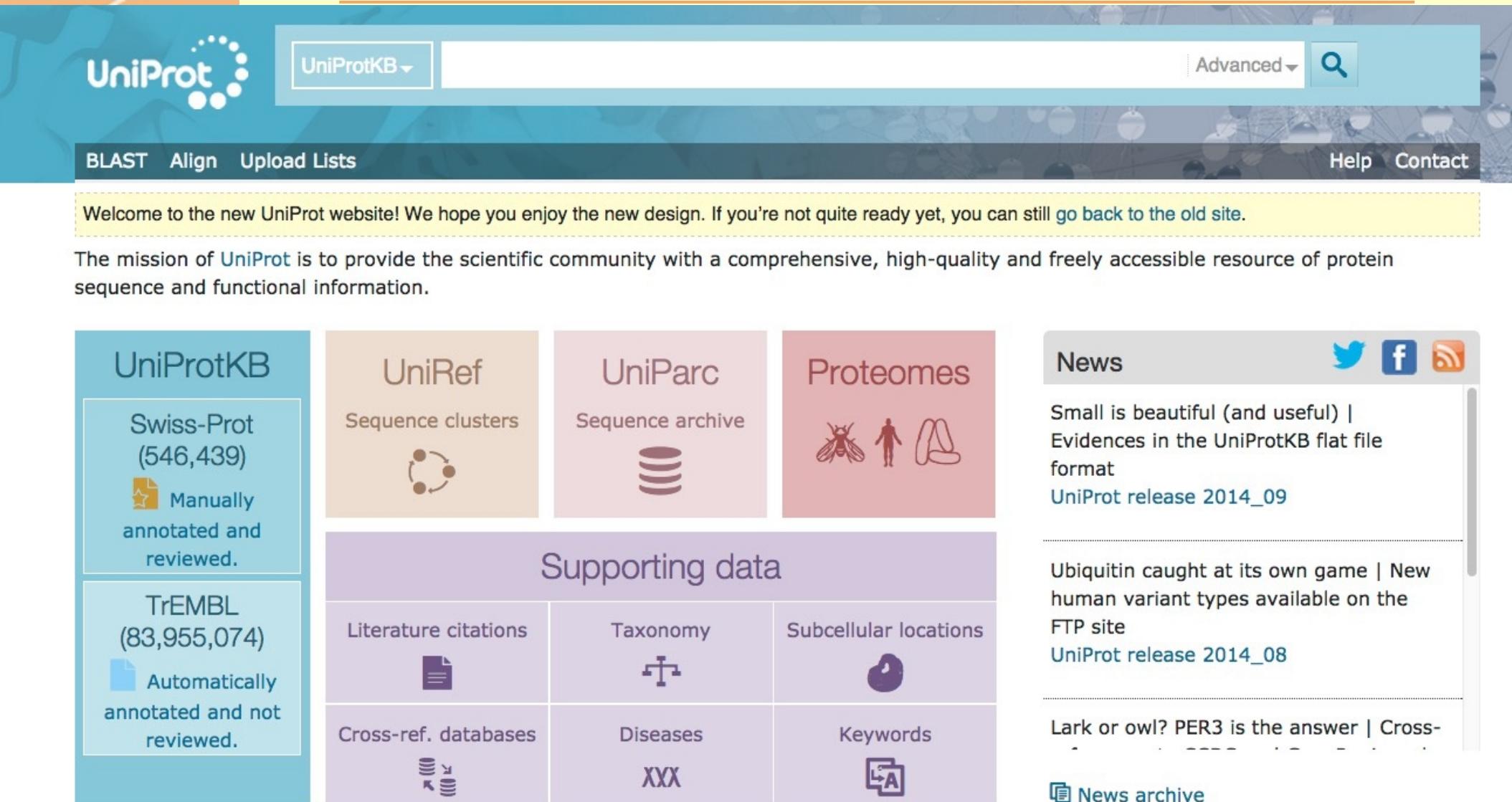
Tools

-  [SWISS-MODEL Workspace](#) • structure homology-modeling • [more]
-  [SwissDock](#) • protein ligand docking server • [more]

-  [AACompSim](#) • amino acid composition comparison • [more]
-  [AllAli](#) • protein sequences comparisons • [more]
-  [Biochemical Pathways](#) • Biochemical Pathways • [more]
-  [BLAST](#) • sequence similarity search • [more]
-  [boxshade](#) • MSA pretty printer • [more]
-  [Compute pi/MW](#) • theoretical pi and Mw computation • [more]
-  [Dotlet](#) • sequence similarity plots • [more]
-  [EMBnet services](#) • bioinformatics tools and databases • [more]
-  [FindMod](#) • protein post-translational modifications • [more]
-  [FindPept](#) • peptide identification from unspecific cleavage • [more]
-  [GlycanMass](#) • oligosaccharide structure mass calculation • [more]
-  [GlycoMod](#) • oligosaccharide structure prediction • [more]
-  [HAMAP](#) • Microbial proteome annotation in UniProtKB • [more]
-  [HamapScan](#) • scan sequences against HAMAP • [more]
-  [HCD/CID spectra merger](#) • combine HCD and CID MS/MS spectra • [more]
-  [ImageMaster / Melanie](#) • software for 2-D PAGE analysis • [more]
-  [IsotopIdent](#) • theoretical isotopic distribution • [more]

UniProt Knowledge Base

<http://www.uniprot.org/>



The screenshot shows the UniProt website homepage. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the UniProt logo, a search bar, and links for "UniProtKB", "Advanced", and a magnifying glass icon. Below the navigation is a banner with "BLAST Align Upload Lists" on the left and "Help Contact" on the right. A yellow box contains a welcome message: "Welcome to the new UniProt website! We hope you enjoy the new design. If you're not quite ready yet, you can still go back to the old site." To the left, a large blue sidebar highlights "UniProtKB" with "Swiss-Prot (546,439) Manually annotated and reviewed." and "TrEMBL (83,955,074) Automatically annotated and not reviewed." In the center, there are four main categories: "UniRef Sequence clusters" (orange), "UniParc Sequence archive" (pink), "Proteomes" (red), and "Supporting data" (purple). The "Supporting data" section includes "Literature citations", "Taxonomy", "Subcellular locations", "Cross-ref. databases", "Diseases", and "Keywords". To the right, there's a "News" section with links to "Small is beautiful (and useful) | Evidences in the UniProtKB flat file format" and "UniProt release 2014_09". Another news item below it discusses "Ubiquitin caught at its own game | New human variant types available on the FTP site" and "UniProt release 2014_08". At the bottom, there are links for "Getting started", "UniProt data" (with a YouTube icon), "Protein spotlight", and a copyright notice: "© Doug Brutlag 2015".

Getting started



UniProt data

Protein spotlight



UniProt Knowledge Base Advanced Search

<http://www.uniprot.org/>



BLAST Align Upload

Results

Filter byⁱ

Reviewed

Searching in UniProtKB ✖

Term
Organism [OS] ✖

AND ✖

Term
AND ✖

- + 🔍

Help Contact
for UniProtKB
Basket 25

UniProt Human Opsin Entries

<http://www.uniprot.org/>

UniProt
UniProtKB ▾
organism:human AND name:opsin
X Advanced ▾
🔍

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Results

Filter byⁱ
Columns BLAST Align Download Add to basket
1 to 16 of 16 Show 25 ▾

Reviewed (7)
Swiss-Prot
Unreviewed (9)
TrEMBL

Popular organisms
Human (16)

Search terms

Filter "opsin" as:
protein name ×
Filter "human" as:
organism ×

View by

Taxonomy
Keywords

Gene Ontology
Enzyme class

Pathway

UniRef

Entry	Entry name	Protein names	Gene names	Organism	Length
P04001	OPSG_HUMAN	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	OPN1MW, GCP OPN1MW2	Homo sapiens (Human)	364
P04000	OPSR_HUMAN	Long-wave-sensitive opsin 1	OPN1LW, RCP	Homo sapiens (Human)	364
P03999	OPSB_HUMAN	Short-wave-sensitive opsin 1	OPN1SW, BCP	Homo sapiens (Human)	348
P08100	OPSD_HUMAN	Rhodopsin	RHO, OPN2	Homo sapiens (Human)	348
Q9H1Y3	OPN3_HUMAN	Opsin-3	OPN3, ECPN	Homo sapiens (Human)	402
Q9UHM6	OPN4_HUMAN	Melanopsin	OPN4, MOP	Homo sapiens (Human)	478
Q6U736	OPN5_HUMAN	Opsin-5	OPN5, GPR136, PGR12, TMEM13	Homo sapiens (Human)	354
Q0PJU0	Q0PJU0_HUMAN	Opsin 1 (Cone pigments), short-wave...	OPN1SW, hCG_41660	Homo sapiens (Human)	348
B1B1F0	B1B1F0_HUMAN	Long-wave-sensitive opsin 1	OPN1LW, Z68193.1-002	Homo sapiens (Human)	164
J3KPQ2	J3KPQ2_HUMAN	Opsin 5	OPN5, hCG_1642475	Homo sapiens (Human)	353
Q6GMT1	Q6GMT1_HUMAN	Opsin 3	OPN3,	Homo sapiens	142



UniProt Human Opsin Entries Reviewed

<http://www.uniprot.org/>

UniProtKB Advanced Search

organism:human AND name:opsin AND reviewed:yes

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Show help for UniProtKB

Results

Filter byⁱ

Reviewed (7) ×
Swiss-Prot

Popular organisms

Human (7)

Search terms

Filter "opsin" as:

protein name ×

Filter "human" as:

organism ×

View by

Taxonomy

Keywords

Gene Ontology

Enzyme class

Pathway

Columns BLAST Align Download Add to basket 1 to 7 of 7 Show 25 ▾

#	Entry	Entry name		Protein names	Gene names	Organism	Length	
	P04001	OPSG_HUMAN	★	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	OPN1MW, GCP OPN1MW2	Homo sapiens (Human)	364	
	P04000	OPSR_HUMAN	★	Long-wave-sensitive opsin 1	OPN1LW, RCP	Homo sapiens (Human)	364	
	P03999	OPSB_HUMAN	★	Short-wave-sensitive opsin 1	OPN1SW, BCP	Homo sapiens (Human)	348	
	P08100	OPSD_HUMAN	★	Rhodopsin	RHO, OPN2	Homo sapiens (Human)	348	
	Q9H1Y3	OPN3_HUMAN	★	Opsin-3	OPN3, ECPN	Homo sapiens (Human)	402	
	Q9UHM6	OPN4_HUMAN	★	Melanopsin	OPN4, MOP	Homo sapiens (Human)	478	
	Q6U736	OPN5_HUMAN	★	Opsin-5	OPN5, GPR136, PGR12, TMEM13	Homo sapiens (Human)	354	

1 to 7 of 7 Show 25 ▾

UniProt Human Opsin OPN1MW Entry

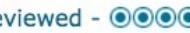
<http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/P04001>



UniProtKB Advanced Search Advanced Search

BLAST Align Upload Lists Help Contact Basket

P04001 - OPSG_HUMAN

Protein **Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1**
Gene **OPN1MW** [more](#)
Organism *Homo sapiens (Human)*
Status  Reviewed -  Experimental evidence at protein level ⁱ

Display [None](#) [BLAST](#) [Align](#) [Format](#) [Add to basket](#) [History](#) [Comment \(0\)](#) [Feedback](#) [Help video](#)

[FUNCTION](#)

[NAMES & TAXONOMY](#)

[SUBCELL LOCATION](#)

[PATHOL/BIOTECH](#)

[PTM / PROCESSING](#)

[EXPRESSION](#)

[INTERACTION](#)

[STRUCTURE](#)

[FAMILY & DOMAINS](#)

[SEQUENCE](#)

[CROSS-REFERENCES](#)

[PUBLICATIONS](#)

[ENTRY INFORMATION](#)

[MISCELLANEOUS](#)

Function ⁱ

Visual pigments are the light-absorbing molecules that mediate vision. They consist of an apoprotein, opsin, covalently linked to cis-retinal.

Absorption ⁱ

$\text{Abs}(\text{max})=530 \text{ nm}$

GO - Molecular function ⁱ

► G-protein coupled receptor activity  [Source: UniProtKB-KW](#) ► photoreceptor activity  [Source: ProtInc](#)

GO - Biological process ⁱ

► G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway  [Source: ProtInc](#) ► positive regulation of cytokinesis  [Source: UniProt](#)

► phototransduction, visible light  [Source: Reactome](#) ► retinoid metabolic process  [Source: Reactome](#)

► protein-chromophore linkage  [Source: UniProtKB-KW](#) ► visual perception  [Source: ProtInc](#)

Complete GO annotation...

Keywords - Molecular function ⁱ

G-protein coupled receptor, Photoreceptor protein, Receptor, Retinal protein, Transducer

Keywords - Biological process ⁱ

Sensory transduction, Vision

Keywords - Ligand ⁱ

Chromophore

[Top](#)

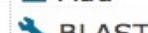
UniProt Human Opsin PTM Processing

<http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/P04001>



PTM / Processingⁱ

Molecule processing

Feature key	Position(s)	Length	Description	Graphical view	Feature identifier	Actions
Chain ⁱ	1 – 364	364	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1		PRO_0000197785	 Add  BLAST

Amino acid modifications

Feature key	Position(s)	Length	Description	Graphical view	Feature identifier	Actions
Glycosylation ⁱ	34 – 34	1	N-linked (GlcNAc...)	 Curated		
Disulfide bond ⁱ	126 ↔ 203			 PROSITE-ProRule annotation		
Modified residue ⁱ	312 – 312	1	N6-(retinylidene)lysine			

Post-translational modificationⁱ

Phosphorylated on some or all of the serine and threonine residues present in the C-terminal region.

Keywords - PTMⁱ

Disulfide bond, Glycoprotein, Phosphoprotein

Proteomic databases

PaxDb ⁱ	P04001.
PRIDE ⁱ	P04001.

PTM databases

PhosphoSite ⁱ	P04001.
--------------------------	---------



Blast UniProt Human Opsin OPN1MW Entry

<http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/P04001>

UniProtKB Advanced

BLAST Align Upload Lists Help Contact

How to use this tool

The Basic Local Alignment Search Tool (BLAST) finds regions of local similarity between sequences, which can be used to infer functional and evolutionary relationships between sequences as well as help identify members of gene families.

1. Enter either a protein or nucleotide sequence or a UniProt identifier (e.g.P00750 or A4_HUMAN or UPI0000000001) into the form field.
2. Optionally, change the program parameters with the dropdown menus under the form.
3. Click the *Run BLAST* button.

Help Tutorials and Videos Downloads

BLAST

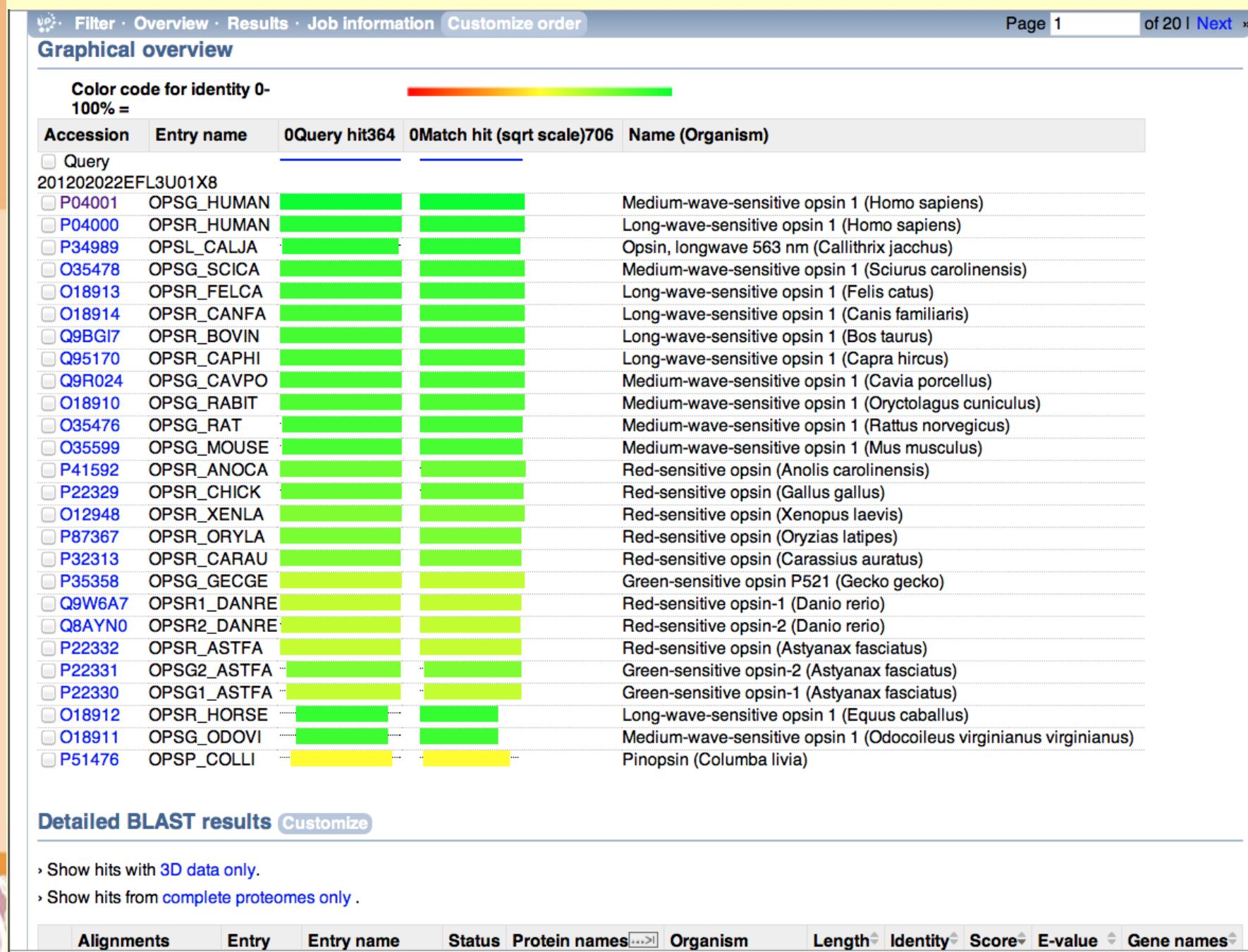
```
>sp|P04001|OPSG_HUMAN Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=OPN1MW PE=1 SV=1  
MAQQWSIQLQRLAGRHPQDSYEDSTQSSIFTYNSNSTRGPFEGPNYHIAPRWVYHLTSVWM  
IFVVIASVFTNGLVLAATMKFKKLRHPLNWILVNLAVALAETVIASIISVNVQVGYFV  
LGHPMCVLEGYTWSLCGITGLWSLAIISWERWMVVCKPFGNVRFDAKLAIVGIAFSWIWA  
AVWTAPPIFGWSRYWPHGLKTSCPDVFSGSSYPGVQSYMIVLMVTCCITPLSIIIVLCYL  
QVWLALRAVAKQQKESESTQKAEKEVTRMVVVMVLAFCFCWGPYAFFACFAAANPGYPFH  
PLMAALPAFFAKSATIYNPVIYVFMNRQFRNCILQLFGKKVDDGSELSSASKTEVSSVSS  
VSPA
```

Target databaseⁱ E-Thresholdⁱ Matrixⁱ Filteringⁱ Gappedⁱ Hitsⁱ

Run Blast in a separate window.

Blast UniProt Human OPN1MW Results

<http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/P04001>



Entrez Gene search for Human Opsin

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene>

NCBI Resources ▾ How To ▾

brutlag My NCBI

Gene

Gene

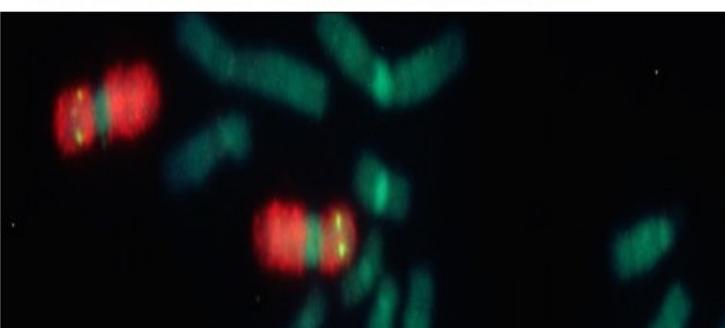
human opsin



Search

Advanced

 Filters activated: Current only. [Clear all](#)



Gene

Gene integrates information from a wide range of species. A record may include nomenclature, Reference Sequences (RefSeqs), maps, pathways, variations, phenotypes, and links to gene, phenotype-, and locus-specific resources worldwide.

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[RefSeqGene](#)

[UniGene](#)

[Protein Clusters](#)

Entrez Gene search for Human Opsin

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/?term=human+opsin>

Gene **human opsin** | [Save search](#) [Advanced](#)

[Show additional filters](#) [Display Settings:](#) Tabular, 20 per page, Sorted by Relevance [Send to:](#)

[Clear all](#)

Gene sources
Genomic

Categories
Alternatively spliced
Annotated genes
Protein-coding
Pseudogene

Sequence content
CCDS
Ensembl
RefSeq
RefSeqGene

Status [clear](#)

✓ Current only

Chromosome locations
[Select ...](#)

[Clear all](#) [Show additional filters](#)

Results: 1 to 20 of 574 [<< First](#) [< Prev](#) Page of 29 [Next >](#) [Last >](#)

i Filters activated: Current only. [Clear all](#) to show 580 items.

Name/Gene ID	Description	Location	Aliases	MIM
<input type="checkbox"/> RHO ID: 6010	rhodopsin [(human)]	Chromosome 3, NC_000003.12 (129528639..129535344)	CSNBAD1, OPN2, RP4	180380
<input type="checkbox"/> OPN1LW ID: 5956	opsin 1 (cone pigments), long-wave-sensitive [(human)]	Chromosome X, NC_000023.11 (154144224..154159032)	hCG_41347, CBBM, CBP, COD5, RCP, ROP	300822
<input type="checkbox"/> OPN4 ID: 94233	opsin 4 [(human)]	Chromosome 10, NC_000010.11 (86654557..86666460)	MOP	606665
<input type="checkbox"/> OPN1SW ID: 611	opsin 1 (cone pigments), short-wave-sensitive [(human)]	Chromosome 7, NC_000007.14 (128772489..128775790, complement)	BCP, BOP, CBT	613522
<input type="checkbox"/> OPN1MW ID: 2652	opsin 1 (cone pigments), medium-wave-sensitive [(human)]	Chromosome X, NC_000023.11 (154182596..154196861)	CBBM, CBD, COD5, GCP, GOP1, OPN1MW	300821

Entrez Gene search for Human MW1 Opsin

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/2652>



[Display Settings:](#) Full Report

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OPN1MW opsin 1 (cone pigments), medium-wave-sensitive [*Homo sapiens* (human)]

Gene ID: 2652, updated on 26-Dec-2014

Summary



Official Symbol OPN1MW provided by [HGNC](#)

Official Full Name opsin 1 (cone pigments), medium-wave-sensitive provided by [HGNC](#)

Primary source [HGNC:HGNC:4206](#)

See related [HPRD:02365](#); [MIM:300821](#)

Gene type protein coding

RefSeq status REVIEWED

Organism [Homo sapiens](#)

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorrhini; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo

Also known as CBD; GCP; GOP; CBBM; COD5; OPN1MW1

Summary This gene encodes for a light absorbing visual pigment of the opsin gene family. The encoded protein is called green cone photopigment or medium-wavelength sensitive opsin. Opsins are G-protein coupled receptors with seven transmembrane domains, an N-terminal extracellular domain, and a C-terminal cytoplasmic domain. The long-wavelength opsin gene and multiple copies of the medium-wavelength opsin gene are tandemly arrayed on the X chromosome and frequent unequal recombination and gene conversion may occur between these sequences. X chromosomes may have fusions of the medium- and long-wavelength opsin genes or may have more than one copy of these genes. Defects in this gene are the cause of deutanopic colorblindness. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2009]

Entrez Gene search for Opsin MW1 FASTA Protein

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/protein/219521160?report=fasta>



NCBI Resources How To

Protein

Limits Advanced

Display Settings: FASTA Send to:

Opsin 1 (cone pigments), medium-wave-sensitive [Homo sapiens]

GenBank: AAI71755.1

GenPept Graphics

```
>gi|219520771|gb|AAI71755.1| Opsin 1 (cone pigments), medium-wave-sensitive [Homo sapiens]
MAQQWSQLQRLAGRHPQDSYEDSTQSSIFTYTNSNSTRGPFEGPNYHIAPRWVYHLTSVWMIFVVIASVFT
NGLVLAATMKFKKLRRPLNWILVNLAVADLAETVIASTISVVNVQVYGYFVLGHPMCVLEGYTDSLCGITG
LWSLAIISWERWLVVCKPFGNVRFDAKLAIVGIAFSWIWAATVAPPIFGWSRYWPHGLKTSCGPDVFSG
SSYPGVQSYMIVLMVTCCITPLSIIIVLCYLQVWLAIARAVAKQQKEESTQKAEVTRMVVVVLAFCFC
WGPYAFFACFAAANPGYPFHPLMAALPAFFAKSATIYNPVIYVFMNRQFRNCILQLFGKKVDDGSELSSA
SKTEVSSVSSVSPA
```

NCBI BLAST Home Page

<http://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>

 **BLAST®**

Basic Local Alignment Search Tool

Home Recent Results Saved Strategies Help

My NCBI [Sign In] [Register]

► NCBI/ BLAST Home

BLAST finds regions of similarity between biological sequences. [more...](#)

New DELTA-BLAST, a more sensitive protein-protein search [Go](#)

BLAST Assembled Genomes

Find Genomic BLAST pages:
Enter organism name or id—completions will be suggested [GO](#)

[Human](#) [Rabbit](#) [Zebrafish](#)
 [Mouse](#) [Chimp](#) [Clawed frog](#)
 [Rat](#) [Guinea pig](#) [Arabidopsis](#)
 [Cow](#) [Fruit fly](#) [Rice](#)
 [Pig](#) [Honey bee](#) [Yeast](#)
 [Dog](#) [Chicken](#) [Microbes](#)

Basic BLAST

Choose a BLAST program to run.

nucleotide blast	Search a nucleotide database using a nucleotide query <i>Algorithms:</i> blastn, megablast, discontiguous megablast
protein blast	Search protein database using a protein query <i>Algorithms:</i> blastp, psi-blast, phi-blast, delta-blast
blastx	Search protein database using a translated nucleotide query
tblastn	Search translated nucleotide database using a protein query
tblastx	Search translated nucleotide database using a translated nucleotide query

Your Recent Results [New!](#)

[All Recent results...](#)

News

[Find Genomic BLAST pages](#)

You can now find Genomic BLAST pages using the search box from the BLAST homepage.

Thu, 02 Oct 2014 11:00:00 EST

[More BLAST news...](#)

Tip of the Day

[More tips...](#)

NCBI/ BLAST/ blastp suite

Standard Protein BLAST

blastn blastp blastx tblastn tblastx

Enter Query Sequence

BLASTP programs search protein databases using a protein query. [more...](#)[Reset page](#) [Bookmark](#)Enter accession number(s), gi(s), or FASTA sequence(s) [?](#)[Clear](#)Query subrange [?](#)

```
>sp|P04001|OPSG_HUMAN Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1 OS=Homo sapiens  
GN=OPN1MW PE=1 SV=1  
MAQOWSLQRLAGRHPDSDYEDSTOSSIFTYTNNSNSTRGPFECPNYHIAPRWVYHLTSVWM  
IFVVVIASVFTNGLVLAATMKFKKLRHPLNWILVNLAVALDAETVIASIISVNVQVYGYFV  
LGHPMCVLEGYTVSLCGITGLWSLAIISWERWMVVCKPFGNVRFDAKLAIVGIAFSWIWA
```

From To Or, upload file Choose File No file chosen [?](#)Job Title sp|P04001|OPSG_HUMAN Medium-wave-sensitive...Enter a descriptive title for your BLAST search [?](#) Align two or more sequences [?](#)

Choose Search Set

Database UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot(swissprot) [?](#)Organism
Optional Enter organism name or id—completions will be suggested Exclude [+](#)Enter organism common name, binomial, or tax id. Only 20 top taxa will be shown. [?](#)Exclude
Optional Models (XM/XP) Uncultured/environmental sample sequencesEntrez Query
Optional Enter an Entrez query to limit search [?](#)

Program Selection

Algorithm blastp (protein-protein BLAST) PSI-BLAST (Position-Specific Iterated BLAST) PHI-BLAST (Pattern Hit Initiated BLAST)Choose a BLAST algorithm [?](#)

BLAST

Search database UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot(swissprot) using Blastp (protein-protein BLAST)

 Show results in a new window Algorithm parameters

Note: Parameter values that differ from the default are highlighted in yellow and marked with ♦ sign

General Parameters

BLAST

Search database UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot(swissprot) using Blastp (protein-protein BLAST)

 Show results in a new window**- Algorithm parameters**

Note: Parameter values that differ from the default are highlighted

General Parameters**Max target sequences**Select the maximum number of aligned sequences to display **Short queries** Automatically adjust parameters for short input sequences **Expect threshold**10 **Word size** **Max matches in a query range**0 **Scoring Parameters****Matrix** **Gap Costs**Existence: 11 Extension: 1 **Compositional adjustments** **Filters and Masking****Filter** Low complexity regions **Mask**

- Mask for lookup table only 
- Mask lower case letters 

BLAST

Search database UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot(swissprot) using Blastp (protein-protein BLAST)

 Show results in a new window

NCBI BLAST Results

<http://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>

OPN1MW human opsin (364 letters)

RID [CE2V56ER015](#) (Expires on 01-28 10:52 am)

Query ID Icl|75188

Database Name swissprot

Description OPN1MW human opsin

Description Non-redundant UniProtKB/SwissProt sequences

Molecule type amino acid

Program BLASTP 2.2.30+ [► Citation](#)

Query Length 364

Other reports: [► Search Summary](#) [\[Taxonomy reports\]](#) [\[Distance tree of results\]](#) [\[Multiple alignment\]](#)

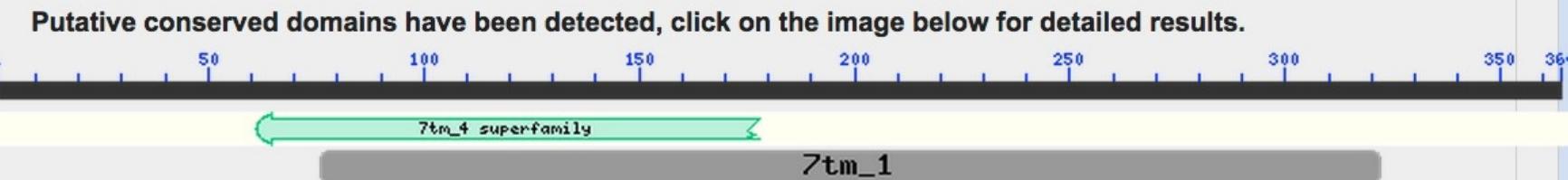
New

[DELTABLAST](#), a more sensitive protein-protein search



Graphic Summary

Show Conserved Domains



Distribution of 100 Blast Hits on the Query Sequence

Mouse over to see the defline, click to show alignments

Color key for alignment scores

Query

<40 40-50 50-80 80-200 >=200



NCBI BLAST Results

<http://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>

Sequences producing significant alignments:

Select: All None Selected:0

	Description	Max score	Total score	Query cover	E value	Ident	Accession
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1; AltName: Full=Green cone photoreceptor pigment	750	750	100%	0.0	100%	P04001.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Long-wave-sensitive opsin 1; AltName: Full=Red cone photoreceptor pigment; AltN	712	712	100%	0.0	96%	P04000.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Opsin, longwave 563 nm [Callithrix jacchus]	696	696	96%	0.0	94%	P34989.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1; AltName: Full=Green cone photoreceptor pigment	681	681	100%	0.0	90%	O35478.2
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Long-wave-sensitive opsin 1; AltName: Full=Red cone photoreceptor pigment; AltN	681	681	100%	0.0	90%	O18913.2
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Long-wave-sensitive opsin 1; AltName: Full=Red cone photoreceptor pigment; AltN	676	676	100%	0.0	90%	O18914.2
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Long-wave-sensitive opsin 1; AltName: Full=Red cone photoreceptor pigment; AltN	674	674	100%	0.0	89%	Q9BGI7.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Long-wave-sensitive opsin 1; AltName: Full=Red cone photoreceptor pigment; AltN	672	672	100%	0.0	89%	Q95170.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1; AltName: Full=Green cone photoreceptor pigment	670	670	100%	0.0	89%	Q9R024.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1; AltName: Full=Green cone photoreceptor pigment	662	662	100%	0.0	88%	O18910.2
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1; AltName: Full=Green cone photoreceptor pigment	660	660	98%	0.0	89%	O35476.2
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1; AltName: Full=Green cone photoreceptor pigment	656	656	98%	0.0	88%	O35599.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Red-sensitive opsin; AltName: Full=Red cone photoreceptor pigment [Anolis carolii]	626	626	97%	0.0	81%	P41592.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Red-sensitive opsin; AltName: Full=Iodopsin; AltName: Full=Red cone photorecept	613	613	92%	0.0	86%	P22329.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Red-sensitive opsin; AltName: Full=KFH-R; AltName: Full=Red cone photorecepto	599	599	98%	0.0	79%	P87367.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Red-sensitive opsin; AltName: Full=Red cone photoreceptor diament [Xenopus lae	599	599	97%	0.0	78%	O12948.1

NCBI BLAST Results

<http://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>

Sequences producing significant alignments:

Select: [All](#) [None](#) Selected:0

	Description	Max score	Total score	Query cover	E value	Ident	Accession
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=C-X-C chemokine receptor type 1; Short=CXC-R1; Short=CXCR-1; AltName: Full= 32.0	32.0	32.0	30%	7.8	24%	P55920.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Olfactory receptor 2T8 [Homo sapiens]	32.0	32.0	78%	7.8	19%	A6NH00.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=N-arachidonyl glycine receptor; Short=NAGly receptor; AltName: Full=G-protein co 32.0	32.0	32.0	57%	7.9	21%	Q14330.2
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Olfactory receptor 6F1; AltName: Full=Olfactory receptor OR1-38 [Homo sapiens] 32.0	32.0	32.0	35%	8.0	25%	Q8NGZ6.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Sphingosine 1-phosphate receptor 4; Short=S1P receptor 4; Short=S1P4; AltName 32.0	32.0	32.0	53%	8.1	21%	O95977.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=C-X-C chemokine receptor type 3; Short=CXC-R3; Short=CXCR-3; AltName: Full= 32.0	32.0	32.0	70%	8.2	23%	Q9JII9.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Olfactory receptor 2A7; AltName: Full=Olfactory receptor OR7-18 [Homo sapiens] 31.6	31.6	31.6	31%	8.3	21%	Q96R45.3
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Olfactory receptor 1073; AltName: Full=Putative gustatory receptor PTE45 [Rattus 31.6	31.6	31.6	27%	8.3	22%	P35898.2
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Olfactory receptor 2A4; AltName: Full=Olfactory receptor 2A10; AltName: Full=Olfa 31.6	31.6	31.6	31%	8.5	21%	O95047.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Olfactory receptor 469; AltName: Full=Olfactory receptor 204-21 [Mus musculus] 31.6	31.6	31.6	21%	8.5	19%	Q8VF66.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Olfactory receptor 4A47; AltName: Full=Olfactory receptor OR11-113 [Homo sapien 31.6	31.6	31.6	60%	8.5	19%	Q6IF82.2
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Olfactory receptor 8G2; AltName: Full=Olfactory receptor 8G4; AltName: Full=Olfa 31.6	31.6	31.6	21%	8.8	21%	Q15614.2
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=C-C chemokine receptor type 7; Short=C-C CKR-7; Short=CC-CKR-7; Short=CCR 32.0	32.0	32.0	32%	8.8	26%	Q5MD62.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Probable G-protein coupled receptor 34 [Mus musculus]	31.6	31.6	93%	9.0	20%	Q9R1K6.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=C-X-C chemokine receptor type 1; Short=CXC-R1; Short=CXCR-1; AltName: Full= 31.6	31.6	31.6	30%	9.0	24%	P25024.2
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Probable G-protein coupled receptor Mth-like 11; AltName: Full=Protein methusela 32.0	32.0	32.0	24%	9.2	31%	P83118.2
<input type="checkbox"/>	RecName: Full=Olfactory receptor 5H14 [Homo sapiens]	31.6	31.6	30%	9.2	22%	A6NHG9.1

Discovering Function from Protein Sequence

BLOCKs, PRINTs, PSSMS or Weight Matrices

	Position											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	2	1	3	13	10	12	67	4	13	9	1	2
R	7	5	8	9	4	0	1	16	7	0	1	0
N	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	10	0
D	0	1	0	1	13	0	0	12	1	0	4	0
C	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1
Q	1	1	21	8	10	0	0	7	6	0	0	2
E	2	0	0	9	21	0	0	15	7	3	3	0
G	9	7	1	4	0	0	8	0	0	0	46	0
H	4	3	1	1	2	0	0	2	2	0	5	0
I	10	0	11	1	2	10	0	4	9	3	0	16
L	16	1	17	0	1	31	0	3	11	24	0	14
K	3	4	5	10	11	1	1	13	10	0	5	2
M	7	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	1	8
F	4	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	10	0	0
P	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	1	17	0	8	3	1	3	0	2	2	2	0
T	5	22	3	11	1	5	0	2	2	2	0	5
W	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Y	1	0	4	2	0	1	0	0	2	4	0	1
V	6	3	1	1	2	15	0	0	2	12	0	28

Query

Database

10	20	30	40	50
HLTPEEKSAVTALWGKV--NVDEVGGEALGRLLVVYPWTQRFFESFGDLSTPDAVMGN				
: : : : : : :				
VLSPADKTNVKAAWGKVGAHAGEYGAEALERMFSLSFPTTKTYFPHF-----DLSHGS				
10	20	30	40	50

Sequence Similarity

10 20 30 40

KSAVTALWGKV--NVDEVGGEALGRLLVVYPWT

www.brownmedicines.com

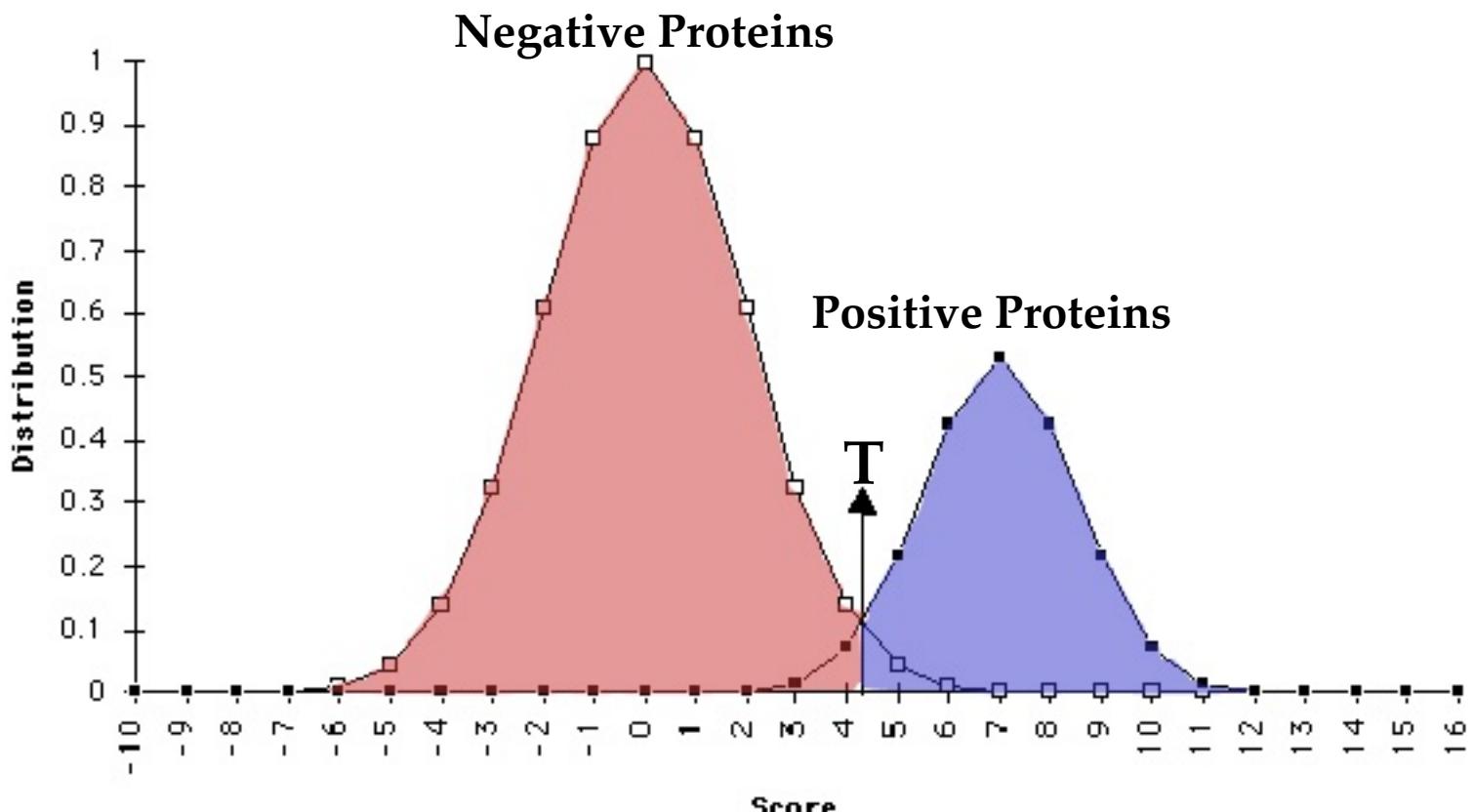
ХТНУКА АЛЖИРСКАНА ГЕУСАЕЛ ЕРМЕІ СЕРДІ

10 20 30

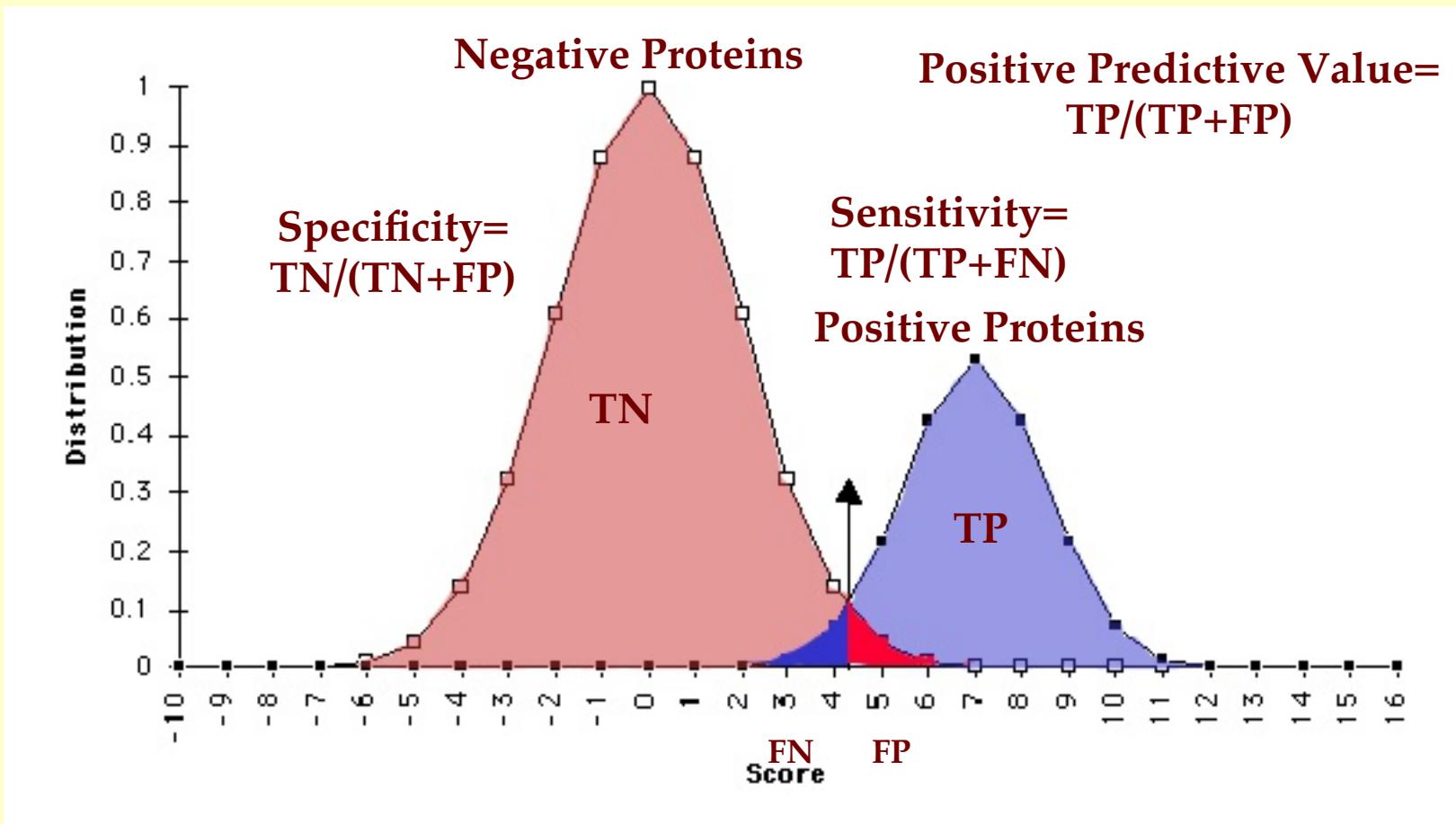
10 20 30

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Evaluation of PSSMs, Profiles and HMMs



Evaluation of Profiles



MyHits Local Motifs Search

<http://myhits.isb-sib.ch/>



user: GUEST width: 600
[log in](#) [settings](#)

Welcome to MyHits

[search](#) [help](#)

- Tools**
- Search ...
 - Pattern Search
 - BLASTP/PSI-BLAST
 - PFSEARCH (profile)
 - HMMER3 (profile-HMM)
 - Motif Scan
 - Query ...
 - by Protein
 - by Motif
 - Align...
 - MAFFT
 - TCOFFEE
 - Profile Align
 - Classify ...
 - JACOP
 - MkDom2
 - Tools ...
 - Reformat MSA
 - Reformat SEQ
 - Dotlet

- Hub**
- Results**
- Misc**
- Deprecated**

Hits is a free database devoted to protein domains. It is also a collection of tools for the investigation of the relationships between protein sequences and motifs described on them. These motifs are defined by an heterogeneous collection of predictors, which currently includes regular expressions, generalized profiles and hidden Markov models.

Last news

- Dec 2014** Update [mafft](#) to version 7.187
- Apr 2014** Update [BLASTP/PSI-BLAST](#) to BLAST+ version 2.2.28
- Sep 2013** Update [mafft](#) to version 7.058b
- Sep 2013** Update [hmmer3](#) to version 3.1b1
- Aug 2013** Link to new TCoffee server
- May 2011** New Web interface
- Apr 2010** Add [hmmer3](#) service.
- Jun 2009** Add the CS-BLAST tool
- Oct 2008** Update of the Jalview applet to release 2.4
- Aug 2008** Add a text search to find sequence, motif or taxonomy matches.

[See all news](#)





MyHits Local Motifs Query

<http://myhits.isb-sib.ch/>

Motif Scan

search help

user: GUEST width: 600
log in settings

Tools

- Search ...
- Pattern Search
- BLASTP/PSI-BLAST
- PFSEARCH (profile)
- HMMER3 (profile-HMM)
- Motif Scan
- Query ...
 - by Protein
 - by Motif
- Align...
 - MAFFT
 - TCOFFEE
 - Profile Align
- Classify ...
 - JACOP
 - MkDom2
- Tools ...
 - Reformat MSA
 - Reformat SEQ
 - Dotlet

Hub

Results

Misc

Deprecated

Motif scanning means finding all known motifs that occur in a sequence. This form lets you paste a protein sequence, select the collections of motifs to scan for, and launch the search. A [document](#) deals with the interpretation of the match scores. You should consult the home pages of [Prosite](#) on ExPASy, [Pfam](#) and [InterPro](#) for additional information.

If your proteins of interest are already in the sequence databases (see [list](#)), the [Query by Protein](#) form is much faster, and the [Protein Hub](#) provides a collection of tools that you might find useful.

Protein Identifiers or Protein Sequence
[examples](#) clear input

```
>gi|219521160|gb|AAI71754.1| Opsin 1 (cone pigments), medium-wave-sensitive [Homo sapiens]
MAQQWSQLQLAGRHPQDSYEDSTQSSIFTYTNSTRGPFEGPNYHIAPR
WVYHLTSVWMIFVVVIASVFT
NGLVLAATMKFKKLRHPLNWILVNLAVALAETVIASTISVVNQVGYFVL
GHPMCVLEGYTVSLCGITG
LWSLAIISWERWLVVCKPGNVRFDAKLAIVGIAFSWIWAATVAPPICGWS
RYWPNGLKTSCGPDVFG
```

mot_source perox - PeroxiBase profiles
 hamap - HAMAP profiles
 pat - PROSITE patterns
 freq_pat - PROSITE patterns (frequent match producers)
 prf - PROSITE profiles
 pre - More profiles
 pfam_fs - Pfam HMMs (local models)
 pfam_ls - Pfam HMMs (global models)

search
The scan might take a few minutes.
reset page

MyHits Motif Scan Hits Summary

<http://myhits.isb-sib.ch/>

Query Protein temporarily stored [here](#).

Database of motifs

PROSITE patterns (frequent match producers) [freq_pat], PROSITE patterns [pat], Pfam HMMs (local models) [pfam_fs], More profiles [pre], PROSITE profiles [prf].

searching PROSITE patterns

searching PROSITE patterns (frequent match producers)

searching PROSITE profiles

searching More profiles

searching Pfam HMMs (local models)

postprocessing

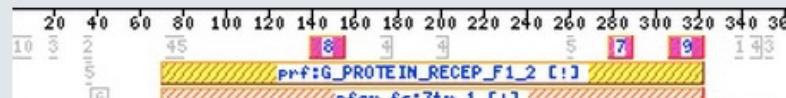
Summary

Original output

[pat](#), [freq_pat](#), [prf](#), [pre](#), [pfam_fs](#).

Matches map

(features from query are above the ruler, matches of the motif scan are below the ruler)



Legends: 1, freq_pat:AMIDATION [?]; 2, freq_pat:ASN_GLYCOSYLATION [?]; 3, freq_pat:CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE [?]; 4, freq_pat:MYRISTYL [?]; 5, freq_pat:PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE [?]; 6, freq_pat:TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE [?]; 7, pat:EGF_2 [!]; 8, pat:G_PROTEIN_RECEP_F1_1 [!]; 9, pat:OPSIN [!]; 10, prf:ALPHA_BOX [?].

List of matches

FT	MYHIT	337	340	freq_pat:AMIDATION [?]
FT	MYHIT	34	37	freq_pat:ASN_GLYCOSYLATION [?]
FT	MYHIT	18	21	freq_pat:CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE [?]
FT	MYHIT	351	354	freq_pat:CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE [?]
FT	MYHIT	72	77	freq_pat:MYRISTYL [?]
FT	MYHIT	172	177	freq_pat:MYRISTYL [?]
FT	MYHIT	198	203	freq_pat:MYRISTYL [?]
FT	MYHIT	344	349	freq_pat:MYRISTYL [?]
FT	MYHIT	35	37	freq_pat:PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE [?]
FT	MYHIT	78	80	freq_pat:PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE [?]
FT	MYHIT	259	261	freq_pat:PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE [?]
FT	MYHIT	37	45	freq_pat:TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE [?]
FT	MYHIT	278	289	pat:EGF_2 [!]
FT	MYHIT	139	155	pat:G_PROTEIN_RECEP_F1_1 [!]
FT	MYHIT	306	322	pat:OPSIN [!]
FT	MYHIT	1	9	prf:ALPHA_BOX [?]
FT	MYHIT	70	322	prf:G_PROTEIN_RECEP_F1_2 [!]
FT	MYHIT	70	322	pfam_fs:7tm_1 [!]

MyHits PTM Motif Hits

<http://myhits.isb-sib.ch/>

Detail of matches

match detail	match score	motif information
 1 KK GRR I::: FGKK	Status: ? pos.: 337-340	freq_pat:AMIDATION <i>Amidation site.</i> [entry] Legends: 1, amidation.
 1 Y Y W W V V T T S R D R O O N N M M L K I H G G F F E E D D CTC NASA I::: NSTR	Status: ? pos.: 34-37	freq_pat:ASN_GLYCOSYLATION <i>N-glycosylation site.</i> [entry] Legends: 1, carbohydrate.
 1 E SXXD : : SYED 1 E SXXD : : SKTE	Status: ? pos.: 18-21	freq_pat:CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE <i>Casein kinase II phosphorylation site.</i> [entry] Legends: 1, phosphorylation.
 1 E SXXD : : SKTE	Status: ? pos.: 351-354	freq_pat:CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE <i>Casein kinase II phosphorylation site.</i> [entry] Legends: 1, phosphorylation.



Status: !
pos.: **278-289**

pat:EGF_2
EGF-like domain signature 2.
[[entry](#)]

^ image ^

```

Y YY      Y
W WW      W
V VV      V
T TT      T
Y S SS      S
W R QQ      R
C V N PP      Q
W T M NN      N
Y S L MM      A
FEQ K LL      M
MDN IAI I      S
VPM HHHH      K
ICL GGGTCY      I
LNI FNFFFNF     SG
AAG EMEEMAMH     CF
TTF DDDDTVN     M
SSC CICCISIE     V
GGAXALAAALGLDRFAXL
::: ::::::::::::::: :
TGLWSLAIISWERWLVV
  
```

Status: !
pos.: **139-155**

pat:G_PROTEIN_RECEP_F1_1
G-protein coupled receptors family 1 signature.
[[entry](#)]

^ image ^

retinal

```

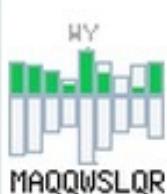
Y
W
V
T S
R R
Q P
N M
L K
C I
A H
F F
M E
V G
D C
I S
C A
T S T
E P
Y
LPXAXSKSGSXXDAXXI
:: : : | : :: : : :
LPAFFAKSATIYNPVIY
  
```

Status: !
pos.: **306-322**

pat:OPSIN
Visual pigments (opsins) retinal binding site.
[[entry](#)]



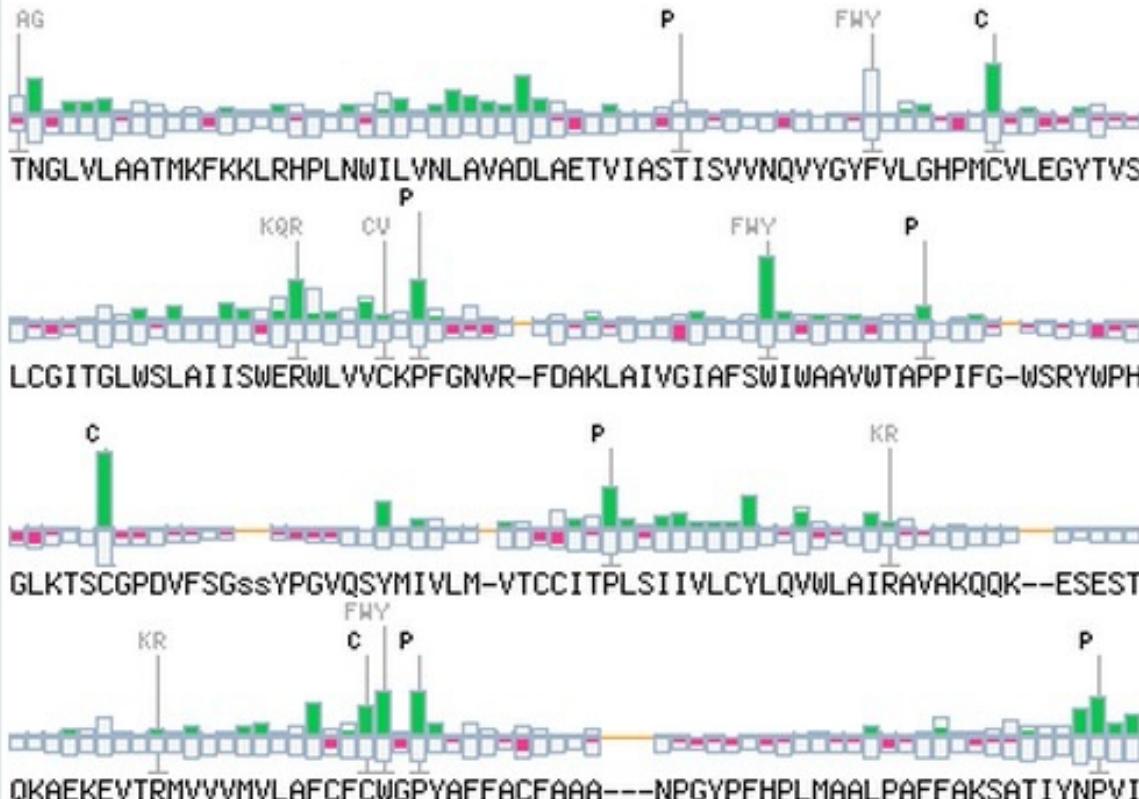
MyHits Profile Hits (Cont.)



Status: ?
pos.: 1-9
raw-score = 191
N-score = 7.485
E-value = 0.69

prf:ALPHA_BOX
Alpha box DNA-binding domain profile.
[[entry](#)]
[[graphics](#)]

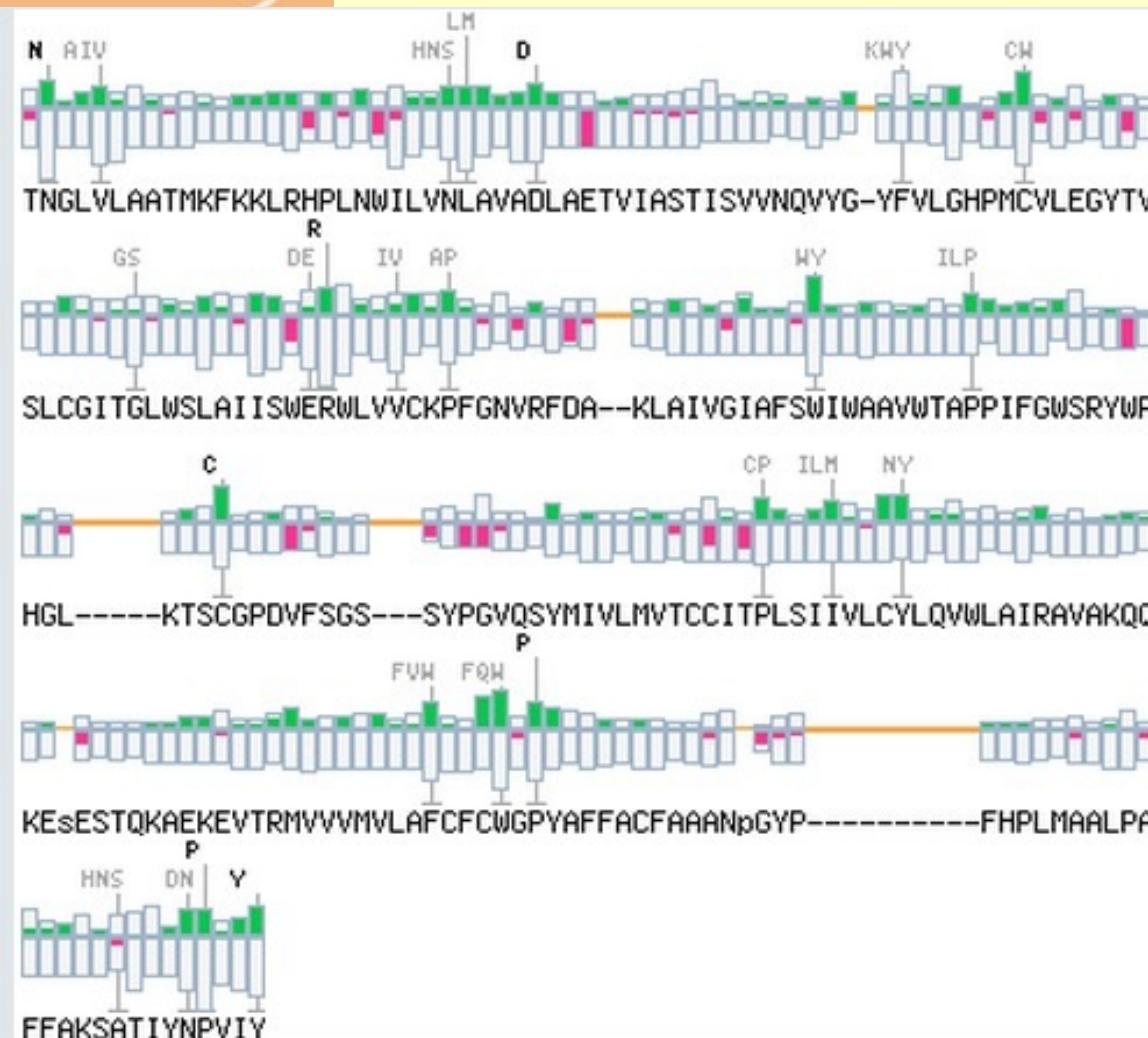
[^ image ^](#)



Status: !
pos.: 70-322
raw-score = 1565
N-score = 33.331
E-value = 9.9e-27

prf:G_PROTEIN_RECEP_F1_2
G-protein coupled receptors family 1 profile.
[[entry](#)]
[[graphics](#)]

MyHits Profile Hits (Cont.)



Status: !
 pos.: 70-322
 raw-score = 167.5
 N-score = 63.946
 E-value = 2.4e-57

pfam_fs:7tm_1
7 transmembrane receptor (rhodopsin family)
[\[entry \]](#)

[^ image ^](#)



Sigrist CJ, Cerutti L, de Castro E, Langendijk-Genevaux PS, Bulliard V, Bairoch A, Hulo N.
 PROSITE, a protein domain database for functional characterization and annotation.
Nucleic Acids Res. 2010; **38**(Database issue):D161-6. [\[RIS\]](#)

InterPro

<http://www.ebi.ac.uk/interpro/>

EMBL-EBI

InterPro
Protein sequence analysis & classification

Search InterPro...
Examples: IPR020405, kinase, P51587, PF025

Home Search Release notes Download About InterPro Help Contact

InterPro: protein sequence analysis & classification

InterPro provides functional analysis of proteins by classifying them into families and predicting domains and important sites. We combine protein signatures from a number of member databases into a single searchable resource, capitalising on their individual strengths to produce a powerful integrated database and diagnostic tool.

[Read more about InterPro](#)

Analyse your protein sequence

```
>gi|219521160|gb|AAI71754.1| Opsin 1 (cone pigments), medium-wave-sensitive [Homo sapiens]
MAQQQWSSLQRRLAGRHPQDSYEDSTQSSIFTYTNNSNSTRGPFEGPNYHIAPRW
VYHLHTSVWMIFVVIASVFT
NGLVLAATMKFKKLRRHPLNWILVNLAVALAETVIASTISVVNVQVGYFVLGHP
MCVLEGYTVSLCGITG
```

[Search](#) | [Clear](#) | Example protein sequence

Documentation

[About InterPro: core concepts, update frequency, how to cite, team and consortium members.](#)

[FAQs: what are entry types and why are they important, interpreting results, downloading InterPro?](#)

[Web services documentation](#)

Protein focus



[Don't blame the cat - the toxoplasmosis effect](#)

The parasite

Toxoplasma gondii, the causative agent of toxoplasmosis, manipulates the behavior of rodents to ensure reaching its definitive host: the cat. Here we explore the biological mechanisms deployed to 'control' the host, and how this game of cat and mouse could be affecting you.

[HTML](#) | [All protein focus](#)

Publications



[The InterPro protein families database: the classification resource after 15 years](#)

Our latest paper

describing new developments on the InterPro website (*Nucleic Acids Research*, Dec 2014).

[HTML](#) | [PDF \(3,4Mb\)](#) | [All publications](#)



Search InterPro...

Search

Examples: IPR020405, kinase, P51587, PF02932, GO:0007165

Home Search Release notes Download About InterPro Help Contact



LOADING...

Your job is currently running... please be patient

The result of your job will appear in this browser window. This page refreshes automatically every 20 seconds.

You may bookmark this page to view your results later if you wish. Results are stored for 7 days.

Job ID: [iprscan5-S20150127-180017-0873-50865222-pg](#)



Overview

Similar proteins

Structures

P Protein

AAI1754.1

Length 364 amino acids

Filter view on

Entry type

- Family
- Domains
- Repeats
- Site

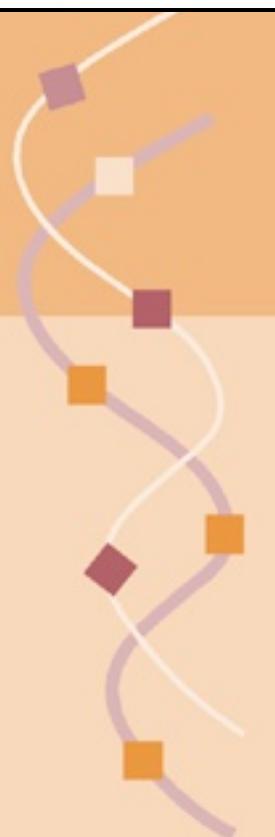
Status

- Unintegrated

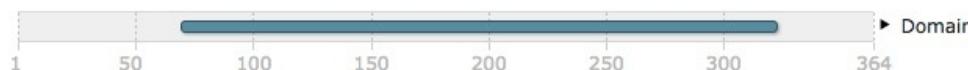
Colour by

[help](#)

- domain relationship
- source database

**Protein family membership**

- F** G protein-coupled receptor, rhodopsin-like (IPR000276)
 - F** Opsin (IPR001760)
 - F** Opsin red/green sensitive (IPR000378)

Domains and repeats**Detailed signature matches**

IPR000276

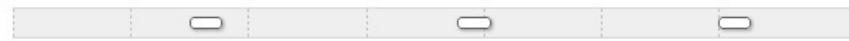
G protein-coupled receptor, rhodopsin-like



- PS00237 (G_PROTEIN_...)
- PF00001 (7tm_1)
- PR00237
(GPCRRHODOPSN)

IPR001760

Opsin



- PR00238 (OPSIN)

IPR000378

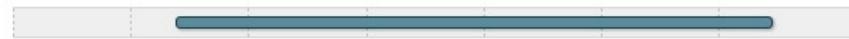
Opsin red/green sensitive



- PR00575 (OPSINREDGRN)

IPR017452

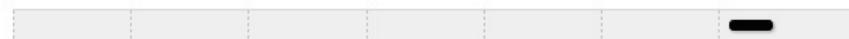
GPCR, rhodopsin-like, 7TM



- PS50262 (G_PROTEIN_...)

IPR027430

Visual pigments (opsins) retinal binding site



- PS00238 (OPSIN)

no IPR

Unintegrated signatures



- CYTOPLASMIC_D... (C...)
- G3DSA:1.20.10...
- NON_CYTOPLASM... (N...)
- PTHR24240 (OPSIN)
- PTHR24240:SF17 (LON...)
- SSF81321 (Family A ...)
- TMhelix
- TRANSMEMBRANE
(Trans...)

GO term prediction

Biological Process

- [GO:0007186 G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [GO:0007601 visual perception](#)
- [GO:0007602 phototransduction](#)

Molecular Function

- [GO:0004930 G-protein coupled receptor activity](#)

Cellular Component

- [GO:0016021 integral component of membrane](#)



GO: Gene Ontology Database

<http://geneontology.org/>



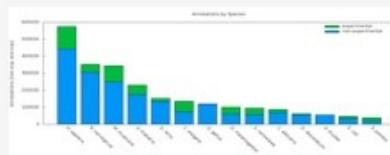
Search GO data

[Search](#)

Enrichment analysis (beta)

[biological process](#)[H. sapiens](#) [Submit](#)[Advanced options](#)Powered by [PANTHER](#)

Statistics



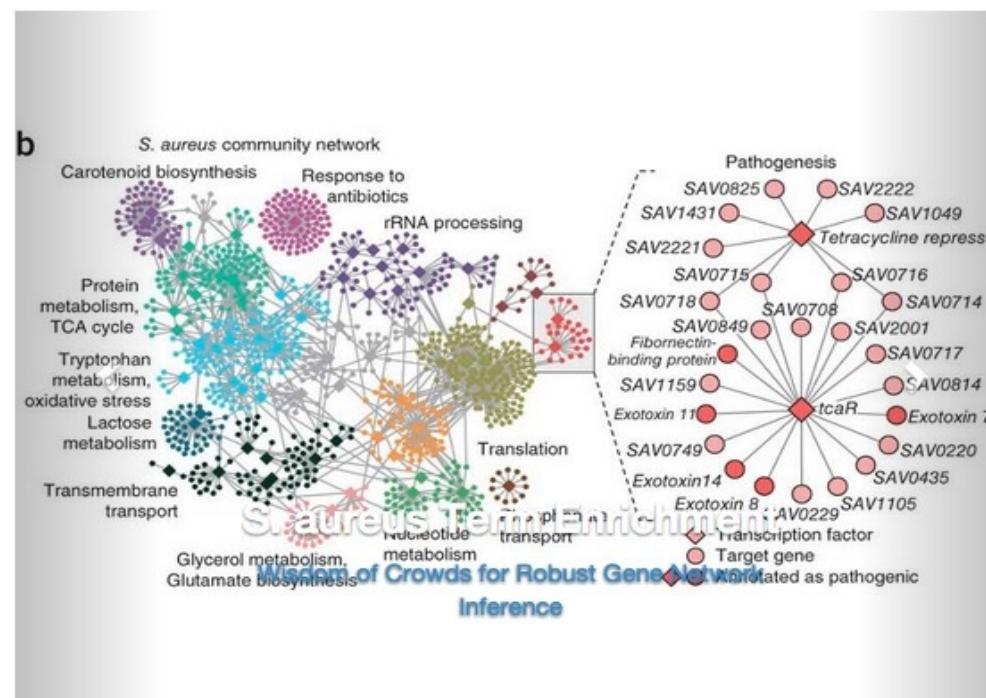
Gene Ontology Consortium

 [Search](#)

Highlighted GO term

Representing "phases" in GO biological process

The GOC has recently introduced a new term [biological phase \(GO:0044848\)](#), as a direct subclass of biological process. This class represents a distinct period or stage during which biological processes can occur.

[more](#)

What is the Gene Ontology?

- An introduction to the Gene Ontology
- What are annotations?
- Ten quick tips for using the Gene Ontology [Important](#)
- Gene Ontology tools
- Enrichment analysis
- Downloads

Random FAQs

- What is annotation?
- What are mappings?
- What is "GO slimming" ?

[View all FAQs](#)

On the web

[GO term enrichment](#)

New GO paper: TermGenie, a web-application for pattern-based ontology class gene...

New GO bioenergy paper - making

GO: Gene Ontology for Opsin OPN1MW

<http://geneontology.org/>



Home

Search ▾

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AmiGO 1.8

opn1mw

Search



Search Directory

Text search document selection

The following results were found for **opn1mw** using a general search over all text fields.

To narrow your search, select the type of document that you would like to search for and continue narrowing your search from the linked search page.

Ontology

Ontology classes for GO.

0

Genes and gene products

Genes and gene products associated with GO terms.

12

Annotations

Associations between GO terms and genes or gene products.

160





Found entities

Total: 12; showing 1-10

Results count 10

1-10	<-10	>	>>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
------	------	---	----	-----------------------	----------------------------------

	Acc	Name	Taxon	PANTHER family	Type	Source	Direct annotation	Synonyms
<input type="checkbox"/>	opn1mw4	opsin 1 (cone pigments), medium-wave-sensitive, 4	Danio rerio	opsin pthr24240	gene_product	ZFIN	signal transduction protein-chromophore linkage	more...
<input type="checkbox"/>	opn1mw1	opsin 1 (cone pigments), medium-wave-sensitive, 1	Danio rerio	opsin pthr24240	gene_product	ZFIN	protein-chromophore linkage signal transduction	more...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Opn1mw	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	Rattus norvegicus		protein	UniProtKB	protein-chromophore linkage photoreceptor activity	more...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Opn1mw	opsin 1 (cone pigments), medium-wave-sensitive	Rattus norvegicus	opsin pthr24240	gene	RGD	protein-chromophore linkage biological_process	more...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Opn1mw	opsin 1 (cone pigments), medium-wave-sensitive (color blindness, deutan)	Mus musculus	opsin pthr24240	protein	MGI	protein binding positive regulation of cytokinesis	more... Gcp green long wavelength sensitive cone opsin
<input type="checkbox"/>	OPN1MW	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	Cavia porcellus		protein	UniProtKB	plasma membrane	OPSG_CAVPO OPN1MW GCP
<input type="checkbox"/>	OPN1MW	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	Sciurus carolinensis		protein	UniProtKB	plasma membrane	OPSG_SCICA OPN1MW GCP
<input type="checkbox"/>	OPN1MW	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	Odocoileus virginianus virginianus		protein	UniProtKB	plasma membrane	OPSG_ODOVI OPN1MW GCP
<input type="checkbox"/>	OPN1MW	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	Oryctolagus cuniculus		protein	UniProtKB	plasma membrane	OPSG_RABIT OPN1MW GCP
<input type="checkbox"/>	OPN1MW2	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	Homo sapiens		protein	UniProtKB	G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway G-protein coupled receptor activity	H0Y642_HUMAN OPN1MW2 OPN1MW



GO: Gene Ontology for Opsin OPN1MW

<http://geneontology.org/>

Search Annotations

Information about Annotations search [?](#)

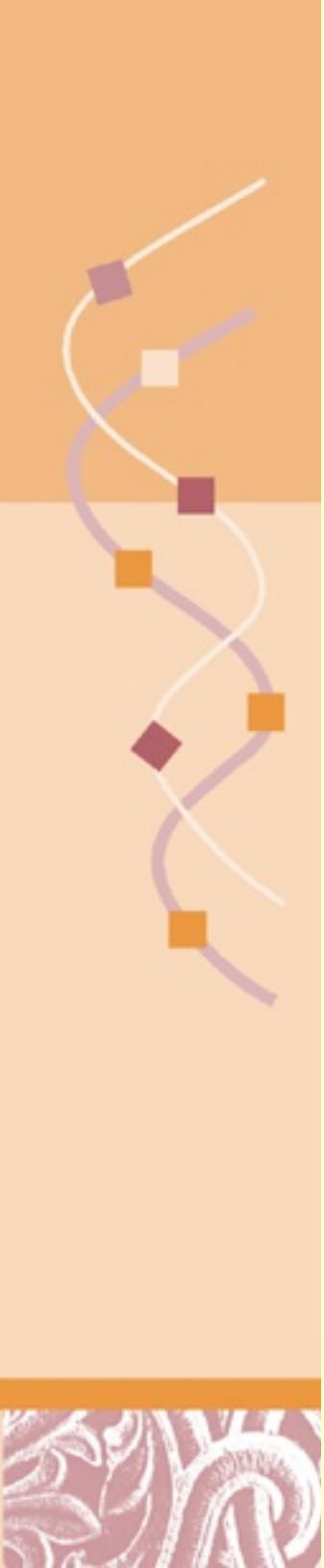
Free-text filtering	
<input type="text"/> X	
Your search is pinned to these filters	
+ document_category: annotation	
User filters X	
+ bioentity: UniProtKB:H0Y642 X	
▶ Source	
▶ Assigned by	
▶ Ontology (aspect)	
▶ Evidence type	
▶ PANTHER family	
▶ Qualifier	
▶ Taxon	
▶ Direct annotation	
▶ Inferred annotation	
▶ Annotation extension	

Found entities

Total: 5; showing 1-5

Results count ▼

<input type="checkbox"/>	Gene/product name	Qualifier	Direct annotation	Annotation extension	Source	Taxon	Evidence	Evidence with	PANTHER family	Isoform	Reference
<input type="checkbox"/>	OPN1MW2	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway		UniProtKB	Homo sapiens	IEA	UniProtKB-KW:KW-0297			GO_REF:0000038
<input type="checkbox"/>	OPN1MW2	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	phototransduction		UniProtKB	Homo sapiens	IEA	InterPro:IPR000378			GO_REF:0000002
<input type="checkbox"/>	OPN1MW2	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	G-protein coupled receptor activity		UniProtKB	Homo sapiens	IEA	UniProtKB-KW:KW-0297			GO_REF:0000038
<input type="checkbox"/>	OPN1MW2	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	integral component of membrane		UniProtKB	Homo sapiens	IEA	UniProtKB-KW:KW-0812			GO_REF:0000038
<input type="checkbox"/>	OPN1MW2	Medium-wave-sensitive opsin 1	visual perception		UniProtKB	Homo sapiens	IEA	InterPro:IPR000378			GO_REF:0000002



Bioinformatics Homework

<http://biochem118.stanford.edu/bioinformatics.html>

Homework Assignment

- 1) Select a **protein** from [OMIM](#) or from [Entrez Gene](#) or from [UniProt](#) concerning the disease of interest to you. Copy and save the FASTA format of the protein file.
- 2) Search your protein for motifs with the [MyHits Motif Scan Query](#). Be sure to Include Prosite Patterns, Prosite Frequent Patterns, Prosite Profiles, Profiles, Pfam HMMSSs (local Models) in your search. Please send me the MyHits you think are biologically significant and at least 1 or 2 hits which you think are not statistically or biologically significant. Please note that only the Profiles have expectation values. The Patterns do not have a measure of statistical significance.
- 3) Search your protein for blocks using the [InterPro](#) database. Please send me a few of the InterPro domains hits you think are significant and at least 1 or 2 hits which you think are not statistically or biologically significant. Please note that the default graphic output of InterPro does not list expectation values. You must switch to the Tabular view to obtain the statistical significance.
- 4) Search your protein for homology using the [BLAST](#) method. Please report two or three hits which are both statistically and biologically significant. Also report two or three hits which you think are neither statistically nor biologically significant. If your protein family is very large, you may have to ask BLAST to return more hits to find statistically insignificant hits.



Statistical vs. Biological Significance

Assignment

First, for each search (MyHits, InterPro and BLAST hit), I would like you to report some significance hits and describe why you think they are significant both statistically and biologically; also report some statistically insignificant hits (and why) and are any of your statistically insignificant hits, still significant biologically). To remind you what I said in class: a statistically significant find in the database search is always biologically significant, but a biologically significant result in the search is not necessarily always statistically significant.

Statistical significance and expectation values.

Statistical significance is determined by the expectation value which gives you a measure of how likely this finding is based on pure chance. A finding with an E-value of 1 or greater is not significant because it could occur by pure chance. A finding with an E-value less than 10^{-3} (one chance in a thousand) is generally considered statistically significant (unless of course you are doing a 1,000 searches!). So the lower the expectation value, the more significant the finding. Findings between 10^{-3} and 1 are in the so called twilight zone and require some further analysis or experiments to determine their validity.



Statistical vs. Biological Significance (cont.)

InterPro

Unlike most of the other methods, InterPro sets a very high level of significance for a finding before it will report it. This means that you will usually not find any statistically insignificant hits for this particular search.

Biological Significance

In order to determine biological significance you must read the biological properties (ontology terms are the most useful) of your protein and the biological properties of your findings. The findings may be significant because the finding defines a very closely related protein family (opsins for example) or a very broad family (G-coupled protein receptors or 7-transmembrane proteins) or a common structure (protein fold) or a specific function (retinal binding site) or a very specific catalytic activity. You should describe in words the level of the biological significance.



Statistical vs. Biological Significance (cont.)

MyHits

If you ask MyHits to return PATTERNs as well as motifs, you will notice that PATTERNs do not have E-values associated with them so there is no easy way to judge statistical significance. With pattern findings you are left only with judging biological significance. Also none of the Frequent patterns from MyHits are statistically significant.

BLAST

If you do not have any insignificant hits from the BLAST search, it means that your protein family is very large and you have to ask BLAST to return more results using the Advanced Options at the bottom of the form. Only when you see hits with $E\text{-values} > 0.001$ do you have insignificant findings.